

Name:

Age:

Date:

Please read and understand the marking guide. We recommend that this assessment be administered using an unseen text. The purpose of the iRSR is to measure and track students' reading accuracy, rate, fluency and comprehension.

Have a 1-minute timer ready, so the number of words per minute can be calculated accurately.

Marking Key:

Correct = ✓ Self-correction = SC Error = Line (wrong word, insertion, omission) Teacher gave sound or word = t Sound error = S Blending error = B Irregular word error = I

Title:	The Spitting Pot	Concept:	wh, -ing	No. Words:	135	E	S	В	1
"Whic	h path shall we go along?'	Finn asked,	inspecting the map	p. The sun	13				
	etting fast.				16				
The m	nap led them along a tunn	el of black c	liffs. Zak and Finn fe	lt trapped	31				
in a p	rison of mocking rocks.				37				
"What	is that thing flashing?" Zal	asked.			44				
"That	must be the next gem," Fin	n said, runn	ing to get it.		56				
A hiss	ing, spitting pot was hidde	n in the rock	s. The <u>stench</u> of rot	ting flesh	70				
was d	rifting from it.				74				
When	Finn ran up to the hissing	pot, he saw	the gem.		86				
"The g	gem is in this bubbling pot!	" he said.			95				
Finn c	hucked a rock into the buk	bling pot. It	began sizzling and	melted into	109				
	inking liquid.				112				
	enly, an evil spirit shot up a		-	tinking	125				
liquid landed next to him, sizzling and melting the rocks.				135					
	by Clare Baker and Wendy Twe Belt Series, Phonic Books	edie							



iDeaL Reading Skills Record (iRSR) Recording Sheet

- 1. Decoding Score: No. words - errors = Decoding Score
- 2. Accuracy Score: Decoding Score ÷ no. words x 100 = Accuracy Score (%)
- 3. Oral Reading Rate:
 - No. words errors = WPM

4. Fluency Rubric: Students are deemed to be reading fluently if they have a score of 10 or more

/ 16

 Comprehension Score (%): No. of correct answers ÷ by total no. of questions x 100 = Comprehension Score (%)

- 6. Continue within concept/level
 - Move to next concept:/level

Comprehension	Q	0	1
Retelling – Can retell the main points in detail? (3 points)	Ret		
What time of day was it? (afternoon/evening, the sun was setting)	Inf		
Where did the map lead them? (along a tunnel of black cliffs)	Lit		
What does the word <u>stench</u> mean in this story? (strong, unpleasant smell)	Voc		
What do you think the liquid inside the pot was? (acid, lava, magic, spirit etc)	Eva		

4. Fluency Rubric (Score /16) Source: Adapted from 'Assessing Reading Fluency' by T.V Rasinski, 2004						
Component Score		1	2	3	4	
Expression & Volume		Reads in a quiet voice, as if to get the words out. The reading does not sound natural, the way talking to a friend would.	Reads in a quiet voice. The reading sounds natural in parts of the text, but it does not always sound as natural as talking to a friend.	Mostly reads with good volume and expression, but sometimes slips into expressionless reading and does not sound as natural as talking to a friend.	Reads with varied volume and expression. Sounds as natural as talking to a friend, with expression that matches the meaning of the passage.	
Phrasing		Reads word by word in a monotonous voice.	Reads in two- or three-word phrases, disregarding punctuation, natural word stress and use of intonation.	Reads with a mixture of run- ons, mid-sentence pauses for breath and some choppiness. Use of word stress and intonation is reasonable.	Reads with good phrasing, according to the written punctuation, and with good word stress and intonation.	
Smoothness		Frequently hesitates while reading, sounds out words, and repeats words or phrases. Makes multiple attempts to read the same passage.	Reads with extended pauses or hesitations. Has many 'rough spots'.	Reads with occasional breaks in rhythm. Some difficulty with specific words or sentence structures.	Reads smoothly with some breaks, and self-corrects when encountering difficult words or sentence structures.	
Pace		Reads slowly and laboriously.	Reads moderately slowly.	Reading pace is uneven.	Reads at a conversational pace throughout the reading.	

Scores of 10 or more indicate that the student is making good progress in fluency. Scores below 10 indicate that the student needs additional instruction in fluency.

Teacher Comment





iDeaL Reading Skills Record (iRSR) Marking Guide

1. Decoding Score	2. Accuracy Score
The Decoding Score is used to calculate the overall accuracy of the text reading in the next step. 1. Use the Decoding Key chart to note the types of	How to calculate the Accuracy Score: Accuracy Score (%) = Decoding Score ÷ total words read x 100.
 errors made (NB: self-corrections are not errors). Calculate the Decoding Score by subtracting the number of errors from the total number of words. 	E.g. If a student reads the Cod on the Rod text (86 words) and makes 5 errors, the accuracy calculation will be 81 ÷ 86 x 100 = 94%.
	Students are deemed to have sufficient accuracy when their Accuracy Score is 95% or more.

3. Oral Reading Rate – Words Per Minute (WPM) Hasbrouck & Tindal (2017)										
Average WPM Reading Rate Norms by Age:										
6 yrs	7 yrs	8 yrs	9 yrs	10 yrs	11–12 yrs	13 yrs	Adult –			
29-60	50-100	83-112	94-133	121-146	132-146	146+	200+			
How to cal	How to calculate Oral Reading Rate relative to age:									
1.	1. Time the reading for 1 minute and on the marking sheet, note the total number of words read.									
2.	2. Oral Reading Rate = words per minute – errors. E.g. If a student who is 7 years old reads 79 WPM and has 4 errors,									
the oral reading rate will be 79 - 4 = 75 WPM										
It is important to monitor oral reading rate in consecutive Reading Skills Records.										

4. Fluency Rubric

Indicate a score between 1 - 4 for each component; expression and volume, phrasing, smoothness, pace, on the student marking sheet. Students are deemed to be reading fluently if they score 10 or more.

5. Comprehension Score

Comprehension Score (%) = number of correct answers ÷ total number of questions x 100.

E.g. If a student correctly answers 4 out of 5 comprehension questions, the comprehension calculation will be $4 \div 5 \times 100 = 80\%$. Students are deemed to have sufficient comprehension when their Comprehension Score is 80% or more.

6. Next Steps

When determining your next steps, accuracy and comprehension scores will be the determining factors in deciding whether a child should move up a concept or a level. If oral reading rate and fluency rubric scores are low, consider making these an explicit focus for teaching either within the current concept/level or if moving up.

Developing Questions About the Text

Literal Questions

Literal comprehension is the understanding of information and facts that are directly stated in the text. Example question starters:

- Who ... ?
- What did the character do when ... ?
- What type of animal is the ... ?
- When did ... happen?
- Where did the ... take place?

Inferential Questions

Inferential comprehension is the ability to process written information and understand the underlying meaning of the text. Example question starters:

- Why do you think ... ?
- Why did the character ... ?
- What do you think about ... ?